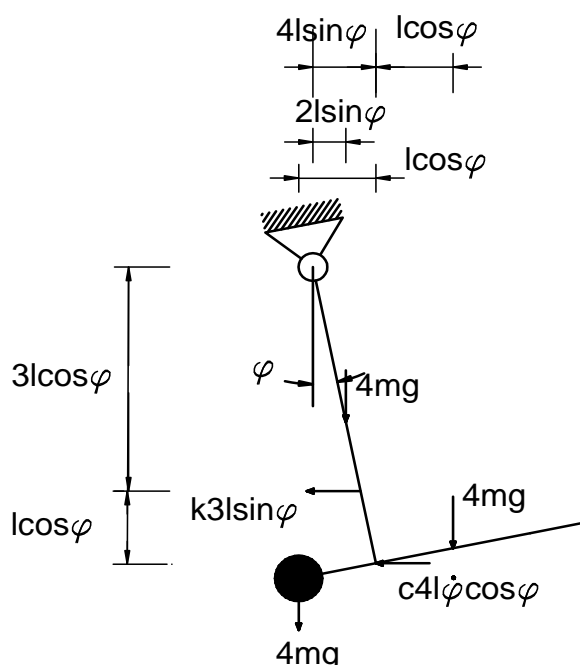


$$\begin{aligned} m &= 10 \\ k &= 4 \frac{kN}{m} \\ l &= 20m \\ c &= 200 \frac{kg}{s} \end{aligned}$$

* Diferencijalna jednačina kretanja:

$$\begin{aligned} I_A \cdot \ddot{\varphi} &= \sum M_A \\ I_A &= \frac{1}{3} 4m \cdot (4l)^2 + \frac{1}{12} 4m \cdot (4l)^2 + 4m \cdot [l^2 + (4l)^2] + 4m \cdot [l^2 + (4l)^2] \\ &= \frac{488}{3} ml^2 = 162.67 ml^2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\sum M_A &= -4mg \cdot 2l \cdot \sin \varphi \\ &\quad - 4mg \cdot (4l \sin \varphi + l \cos \varphi) \\ &\quad - 4mg \cdot (4l \sin \varphi - l \cos \varphi) \\ &\quad - k3l \sin \varphi 3l \cos \varphi \\ &\quad - c4l\dot{\varphi} \cos \varphi 4l \cos \varphi \\ \sum M_A &= -40mgl \sin \varphi \\ &\quad - 9kl^2 \sin \varphi \cos \varphi \\ &\quad - 16cl^2 \dot{\varphi} \cos^2 \varphi\end{aligned}$$

* Diferencijalna jednačina kretanja:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{488}{3}ml^2\ddot{\varphi} &= -40mgl \sin \varphi - 9kl^2 \sin \varphi \cos \varphi - 16cl^2\dot{\varphi} \cos^2 \varphi \\ \ddot{\varphi} &= -\frac{15}{61} \frac{g}{l} \sin \varphi - \frac{27}{488} \frac{k}{m} \sin \varphi \cos \varphi - \frac{6}{61} \frac{c}{m} \dot{\varphi} \cos^2 \varphi\end{aligned}$$

* Male oscilacije: $\cos \varphi \approx 1, \sin \varphi \approx \varphi$

$$\begin{aligned}\ddot{\varphi} &= -\frac{15}{61} \frac{g}{l} \varphi - \frac{27}{488} \frac{k}{m} \varphi - \frac{6}{61} \frac{c}{m} \dot{\varphi} \\ \ddot{\varphi} + \frac{6}{61} \frac{c}{m} \dot{\varphi} + \varphi \left(\frac{15}{61} \frac{g}{l} + \frac{27}{488} \frac{k}{m} \right) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

* Kružna frekvencija neprigušenih oscilacija:

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{15}{61} \frac{g}{l} + \frac{27}{488} \frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{15}{61} \frac{10}{20} + \frac{27}{488} \frac{4000}{10}} = 4.717 \frac{rad}{s}$$

* Period oscilovanja:

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 1.33s$$

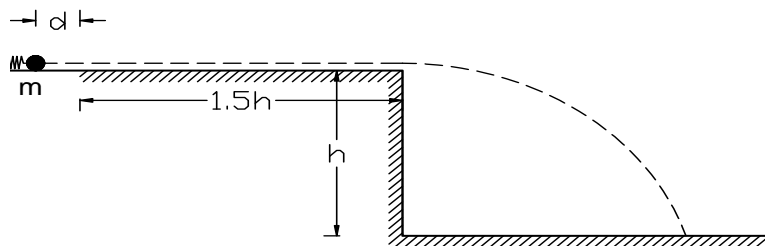
* Relativno prigušenje:

$$\begin{aligned}2\omega\xi &= \frac{6}{61} \frac{c}{m} \\ \xi &= \frac{3}{61} \frac{c}{m\omega} = \frac{3}{61} \frac{200}{10 \cdot 4.717} = 0.209\end{aligned}$$

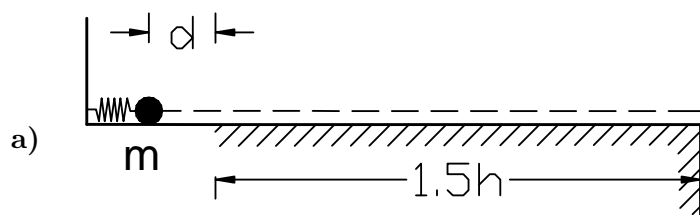
* Period oscilovanja prigušenog sistema:

$$T_d = \frac{T}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} = \frac{1.33}{\sqrt{1-0.209^2}} = 1.36$$

Zadatak 4.



$$\begin{aligned} m &= 0.3 \text{ kg} \\ h &= 6 \text{ m} \\ \delta &= 0.08 \text{ m} \\ k &= 7 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} T_B - T_A &= A_{A-B} \\ 0 &= \frac{1}{2} k \delta^2 - \mu_{\max} m g \cdot 1.5h \\ \mu_{\max} &= 0.846 \end{aligned}$$

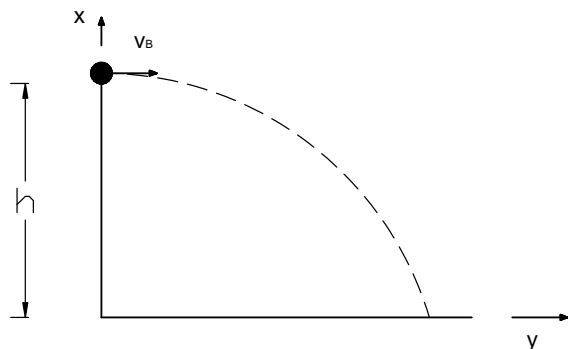
b)

$$\begin{aligned} \mu &= 0.3 \cdot 0.846 = 0.234 \\ T_B - T_A &= A_{A-B} \\ \frac{1}{2} m \cdot v_B^2 &= \frac{1}{2} k \delta^2 - \mu m g \cdot 1.5h \\ v_B &= 10.39 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \end{aligned}$$

• Slobodni pad

$$\begin{aligned} m\ddot{x} &= 0 \Rightarrow \dot{x} = C_1 \Rightarrow x = C_1 \cdot t + C_2 \\ m\ddot{y} &= -mg \Rightarrow \dot{y} = -gt + C_3 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{gt^2}{2} + C_3 t + C_4 \end{aligned}$$

• Početni uslovi:



$$\begin{aligned} x(0) = 0 &\Rightarrow C_2 = 0 \\ y(0) = h &\Rightarrow C_4 = h \\ \dot{x}(0) = v_b &\Rightarrow C_1 = v_B \\ \dot{y}(0) = 0 &\Rightarrow C_3 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

• Konačne jednačine slobodnog kretanja:

$$x(t) = v_B \cdot t \quad (1)$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{gt^2}{2} + h \quad (2)$$

• Trajektorija:

$$(1) \Rightarrow t = \frac{x}{v_B} \quad (3)$$

$$(3) \rightarrow (2) \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{g}{v_B^2} \cdot x^2 + h$$

• Pad tačke:

* Vreme:

$$\begin{aligned} y(t_P) &= 0 \\ -\frac{g}{2} t_P^2 + h &= 0 \Rightarrow t_P = 1.106s \end{aligned}$$

* Mesto:

$$L = x(t_P) = 10.39 \cdot 1.106 = 11.49m$$

* Ugao pada:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= 10.39 \frac{m}{s} \\ \dot{y} &= -gt_P = -9.81 \cdot 1.106 = -10.85 \frac{m}{s} \\ \tan \alpha &= \frac{10.85}{10.39} \Rightarrow \alpha = 46.24 \end{aligned}$$